ALBERTA ECONOMIC MULTIPLIERS

2000

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2004

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PREFACE

This publication presents economic multipliers, intensity ratios and supply ratios for the Alberta economy calculated using the 2000 Alberta Finance, Statistics Input-Output Model. Information is provided for both the open (direct and indirect impacts) and closed (direct, indirect and induced impacts) forms of the model. Economic impacts are presented for the Alberta economy only.

The tables used in this publication are derived from the 2000 interprovincial Input-Output tables released by Statistics Canda in November, 2003. There are no major changes in the 2000 tables from last year's publication.

CUSTOM IMPACT ANALYSES

In addition to this publication, Alberta Finance, Statistics maintains a highly disaggregated Input-Output Model for 2000 which covers 114 industries and 476 commodities. The model may be used to simulate directly both open and closed impacts where additional precision or more detailed output is required than is presented in this publication. The Alberta input-output model industry and commodity structure can also be customized to client specifications to make it more descriptive of changing economic conditions.

Inquiries concerning this publication or requests for simulations using the 2000 Alberta Input-Output Model should be directed to:

Alberta Finance, Statistics
259, Terrace Building
9515-107 Street
Edmonton, Alberta
Canada T5K 2C3

Phone: (780) 427-3099
FAX: (780) 427-0409

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INTRODUCTION

Estimates of Alberta Gross Domestic Product (GDP) found in the income and expenditure accounts of the Alberta Economic Accounts provide unduplicated measures of economic production. They are "unduplicated" because GDP measures the value of final transactions only, with all inter-business purchases and sales associated with intermediate production cancelled out.

For example, the value of a good or service sold by industry A to industry B, and then used in industry B's production process for sale into final demand, is not directly recorded in GDP. Industry A's output is not counted directly because it is implicitly included in the value of output of industry B when it is sold into final demand. If the output of industry A were counted when it is sold as an intermediate good or service, the value of this output would be double counted - once when it was sold as an intermediate input to industry B, and again as part of the value of the output of Industry B when it sells its output into final demand. To avoid this problem, goods or services are valued only at the point where they are sold into final demand (i.e., to households for consumption, to business for investment, or to government for current or capital expenditure) or when they are exported.

A by-product of measuring GDP in this fashion is that the record of such intermediate transactions is lost and, as a result, extremely useful information concerning the economic linkages between industries is not revealed. The input-output accounts bring back into record these inter-industry flows of good and services, detailing gross output of commodities by producing industries, industry use of such commodities and primary inputs, and the final consumption and investment of commodities plus any direct purchases of primary inputs for final demand.

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DESCRIPTION OF ECONOMIC MULTIPLIERS

The most common components of the input-output model are economic multipliers which include commodity and industry intensity ratios as well as industry multipliers. The concept of a multiplier is a fairly simple one to understand. For example, an increase in demand for a commodity will produce three effects which are described by economic multipliers. The first is the impact on industries (firms) which expand production to satisfy increased demand. These effects are termed the ***direct impacts***. Secondly, there is a ripple effect as these firms purchase additional required inputs from other firms. These effects are termed the ***indirect impacts***. Lastly, as firms expand production, they also hire more staff and pay out wages thereby increasing the income received by employees. Households, after withdrawing a certain portion for taxes and savings, spend this income which in turn increases demand for other commodities. These impacts are termed ***induced effects***.

Economic multipliers presented in this report are expressed in two forms: as industry multipliers and as intensity ratios for industries and commodities.

Industry multipliers are calculated by taking the total impact observed for a change in an economic variable and dividing it by the direct change. For example, if adding 100 jobs (the direct change) to an industry's workforce resulted in a total increase of 180 jobs (the total change) in the economy overall, the industry employment multiplier would be 1.8. Industry multipliers are presented in ratio form and cannot be less than one since the direct impact is included in both the numerator and denominator. **Users are cautioned that they must know the direct impact on GDP at basic prices, labour income, or person years of employment before they can use this type of multiplier.**

Intensity ratios for commodities and industries are calculated by dividing the total economic impact by the change in consumption or output that led to the change. For example, if an industry increases its output by $5.0 million and this leads to an increase of $4.0 million in Alberta GDP, the intensity ratio would be 0.80 (that is 4.0/5.0). Intensity ratios are particularly useful for users because they are applied to gross output or expenditure, unlike absolute multipliers which have to be applied to the direct change. This is the type of "multiplier" that most users should use since they generally know the direct change in revenue or expenditure, but don't know the direct change in GDP that they are interested in analyzing.

There are two main kinds of multipliers. The first are called "open" multipliers which reflect only direct and indirect effects, and are derived from the open model. The second type of multipliers are called "closed" multipliers and include induced impacts as well as direct and indirect effects. These multipliers are derived from the closed model.

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THE OPEN AND CLOSED MODEL

The Alberta Finance, Statistics Input-Output Model (open version) provides estimates of direct and indirect economic impacts. Results based on the Alberta open model are virtually identical to those provided by the Statistics Canada interregional input-output model since both models are based on Statistics Canada input-output tables.

There is one significant difference between the Statistics Canada model and the Alberta Finance Model. While both models provide estimates of direct and indirect production, the Alberta Finance Model also provides estimates of induced economic impacts when the model is closed to households.

For the closed version of the Alberta input-output model, the household sector is treated as a production sector. The input of the household sector is consumer expenditure on goods and services, while output is labour income (consisting of wages and salaries, supplementary labour income, and net income of unincorporated business). It is assumed that households, after withdrawing a portion of their income for savings and taxes, spend the rest of their income on consumer goods and services. Closing an input-output model to households increases the interdependence of the system and results in a higher impact on the variables of the model leading to multipliers of a larger magnitude than those based on the open version. The impacts of closing the system to households are referred to as induced effects.

The closed model has been criticized because it introduces a bias in favor of those economic projects with a higher labour content. For example, consider the case where two projects have the identical purchased inputs and the same level of direct GDP, but where one project has a higher proportion of labour income and the other a higher proportion of other operating surplus (e.g., corporate profits). For this case, the closed model will estimate a larger economic impact for the project with the higher proportion of labour income (other things being equal). This result occurs because the model has been "closed" to household spending but not to profits and the induced impacts estimated by the model are related to the level of household income rather than profits.

Results from both the open and closed (to households) models are presented in this publication. This approach allows users to use both versions for the purposes of analysis and to judge for themselves where the inclusion of induced impacts is warranted or advisable.

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PRODUCER AND PURCHASER PRICES

Commodity intensity ratios are presented in both producer and purchaser prices. Data that are measured in producer prices reflect the price received directly by the producer of the commodity. For example, this corresponds to the "farm gate" price in agriculture or the price received directly by a producing establishment in manufacturing.

Data in purchaser prices reflect the price paid by the final users of the good. This price, in addition to price received by the producer of the commodity, reflects other costs such as the price of transportation from the producer to the final seller, wholesale and retail mark-ups, and commodity indirect taxes. These other costs which are added to producer prices to derive purchaser prices are referred to as margins. The model treats these margins as if they were purchased directly by the purchaser of the final good. For example, if a consumer purchases a television set from a retail outlet in Alberta, the model would treat the transaction as if the consumer had purchased separately the retail and wholesale mark-ups, the transportation costs from the producer to the seller, indirect taxes, and the actual price of the television set received by the producer.

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USES AND LIMITATIONS OF MULTIPLIERS

Economic multipliers based on input-output models are a very useful tool in the decision making process, but users should be aware of their limitations. Firstly, input-output models (and the multipliers derived from these models) are static and not subject to the limits of production capacity. Secondly, these models reflect industry averages for technology use and average input costs. For these and other reasons, an input-output model will not provide a totally complete or absolute measure of the impact of economic change.

The most common use for multipliers is to estimate the economic impact associated with the establishment of a new firm; or the expansion, contraction or closure of existing firms. In these cases, it is preferable to use economic multipliers for relative rather than absolute comparisons due to the limitations of input-output models. For example, while economic multiplier analysis may be used to determine which activity has the largest economic impact, it should not be used to estimate the absolute impact of any single activity. Where multipliers are used to estimate the impacts of a single activity, the results should be treated as general estimates only and not as absolute values.

For example, if there is an increased demand for a commodity, the Alberta input-output model (and the multipliers included in this report) assume that:

- production increases can be met with no change in capacity (e.g., the construction of new plants);
- Alberta industries are able to maintain a fixed share of the market for the commodity with the remainder imported from outside the province; and
- increased output in Alberta occurs at industry average production costs using 2000 technology.

It is unlikely that any of these assumptions would hold fully in the real world. In all likelihood, there would be some change in market share for Alberta industries and the marginal costs associated with increased output may be greater or less than average costs depending on the level of capacity utilization. In addition, significant changes in technology may have occurred for some industries since 2000.

Some of these limitations may be overcome by using an updated industry input structure based on more current data, and subjecting this revised information to a computer simulation using the input-output model developed by Alberta Finance. If users wish to exercise this option they should contact the Statistics Section of Alberta Finance directly.

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DESCRIPTION OF ECONOMIC MULTIPLIER TABLES

In this publication, economic multipliers are presented for gross domestic product (at basic prices), labour income, employment and gross production. Below is a brief description of each of the tables contained in this report and how they should be used. Tables 1 to 4 present results from the open model, while tables 5-8 present results from the closed model. Table 9 presents commodity supply ratios for Alberta.

Table 1: Open Model: Industry Intensity Ratios

Table 1 presents multipliers for the direct and indirect effects on the Alberta economy due to a change in output for each of 56 major industries. The results are in the form of intensity ratios and measure the effects on the Alberta economy in terms of GDP at basic prices, labour income, employment and gross production. The impacts on GDP, labour income and gross production are expressed as impacts per dollar of output change while employment impacts are expressed as the number of jobs per $10,000 of output (both in 2000 and 2004 dollars).

Example:

If there was a $1 million increase in the output of the construction industry (industry no. 230) in 2004, the effects would be as follows:

- GDP at basic prices would rise by 0.610 * $1,000,000 = $610,000.
- Total labour income would increase by 0.457 * $1,000,000 = $457,000.
- Employment would grow by $1,000,000/$10,000 * 0.087 = 8.7 person years (based on the second column of employment intensity ratios).
- Gross Production would rise by 1.563 * $1,000,000 = $1,563,000.

Table 2: Open Model: Industry Multipliers

Table 2 consists of multipliers (direct and indirect) for industries. **To use these multipliers, the user must know the direct increase in GDP at basic prices, labour income, and person years of employment for which the economic impacts are being analyzed.**

- To use the GDP multiplier, the direct GDP content associated with some change in output must be known or calculated. The components of direct GDP are those items which make up a firm's operating surplus (wages, profits, depreciation, etc.). The GDP multiplier is applied to this value.
- To use the labour income multiplier, the direct increase in wages, supplementary labour income and net income of unincorporated business must be known or estimated. The labour income multiplier is then applied to this value.
- The employment multiplier is expressed in terms of total persons years of employment per direct job. For example, if a firm in construction (industry no. 230) was established and in 2004 employed 100

people directly, it would create of total of 100 * 1.626 = 162.6 person years of employment (i.e., 100 direct jobs plus an additional 58.1 indirect jobs).

The gross production multiplier is expressed in terms of total gross production per dollar of direct production. For this multiplier, the direct production equals the total expenditure or output of the project.

It must remembered that the change in output of a firm is not what constitutes its direct contribution for labour income, employment, or GDP. This means that the multipliers corresponding to these items are not applied to the change in output for an industry. The only exception is the multiplier for gross production (column 5) which is applied to this quantity.

Table 3: Open Model: Commodity Intensity Ratios - Producer Prices

Table 3 presents multipliers for the direct and indirect effects on the Alberta economy due to a change in expenditure (purchase) for each of 48 commodities. The results are in the form of intensity ratios and measure the effects on the Alberta economy in terms GDP at basic prices, labour income and employment. The impacts on GDP and labour income are expressed as impacts per dollar of expenditure change while employment impacts are expressed as the number of jobs per $10,000 purchased (both in 2000 and 2004 dollars). Table 3 presents results calculated for data that is in producer prices.

Example:

If Alberta demand for Non-Metallic Mineral Products (commodity 25) increased by $10 million during 2004, the economic effects for GDP at basic prices and for labour income would as follows:

- GDP at basic prices would rise by 0.710 * $10,000,000 = $7,100,000.

Total labour income would increase by 0.318 * $10,000,000 = $3,180,000.

Employment multipliers are presented for commodities purchased at both 2000 and 2004 prices, and are used somewhat differently. The first column of employment multipliers is scaled in units of $10,000 purchased in 2000 dollars. The second column which expresses employment per $10,000 in 2004 dollars can be used to estimate employment impacts for production taking place in the year 2004. For this column, multipliers have been adjusted to reflect average price changes from 2000 to 2004. In this case, the calculation would be ($10,000,000/10,000) * 0.066 = 66.0 person years of employment.

Table 4: Open Model: Commodity Intensity Ratios - Purchaser Prices

Table 4 is analogous to Table 3 except that it presents results for data in purchaser prices.

Table 5: Closed Model: Industry Intensity Ratios

Table 5 is analogous to Table 1 except that it presents results for the closed model and includes induced impacts in addition to the direct and indirect effects.

Table 6: Closed Model: Industry Multipliers

Table 6 is analogous to Table 2 except that it presents results for the closed model and includes induced impacts in addition to the direct and indirect effects.

Table 7: Closed Model: Commodity Intensity Ratios at Producer Prices

Table 7 is analogous to Table 3 except that it presents results for the closed model and includes induced impacts in addition to the direct and indirect effects.

Table 8: Closed Model: Commodity Intensity Ratios at Purchaser Prices

Table 8 is analogous to Table 4 except that it presents results for the closed model and includes induced impacts in addition to the direct and indirect effects.

Table 9: Commodity Supply Ratios - Producer Prices

Table 9 shows the source of supply for commodities purchased in Alberta. The data is presented as a percent for Alberta, the rest of Canada, and the rest of world. This table indicates both the extent of "openness" of the Alberta economy and the degree to which the economy depends on imports. For example, 69.7 percent of forestry products (commodity 3) purchased in Alberta was supplied from Alberta domestic production, 30.1 percent was imported from the rest of Canada, and 0.3 percent was imported from outside Canada.

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AN EXAMPLE OF USING MULTIPLIERS (OPEN MODEL)

This example shows how multipliers and intensity ratios are used. Which you choose and how they are used is dependent upon the information you have available. For the purposes of this example, the results are presented for the open model only. The same calculations can be done using the appropriate closed model tables. For this example, the goal is to analyze which of two projects will provide a greater economic impact on the Alberta economy. The following information is given:

Project 1: Construction of an establishment in the Wood Manufacturing Industries

The plant (establishment) will cost $4 million to build in 2004. A further $1 million will be spent purchasing machinery and equipment. When in operation in 2005, the plant will provide 15 person years of employment and generate annual sales of $3 million with the following distribution of costs (all data is in producer prices):

	($000's)
Wages	$ 600
Profit	425
Depreciation	340
Overhead	35
Materials	1,600
Total Output (Sales)	$ 3,000

Project 2: Expansion of output by an establishment in the Wholesale Trade Industry

This project expands production by $3 million (in producer prices) in 2004 and 2005.

Analysis of Project 1

To analyze the impact of project 1, it is necessary to divide the project into two phases. The first phase occurs in 2004 and involves the effects of constructing the plant and purchasing the machinery and equipment. The second phase is the economic impacts of the yearly output of the plant beginning in 2005.

Construction Phase of Project 1:

To measure the impact of the construction phase, refer to Table 3 which presents commodity intensity ratios. Since project 1 involves the construction of a plant to manufacture wood products, the appropriate intensity ratios are those for commodity 30 (non-residential construction). The commodity table is used because the activity would be completed in Alberta by contractors whose output (or commodity) is construction.

The construction phase during 2004 would have the following effects:

- GDP at basic prices would grow by 0.610 * $4,000,000 = $2,440,000.

- Labour income would increase by 0.457 * $4,000,000 = $1,828,000.

- Employment would rise by $4,000,000/$10,000 * 0.087 = 34.8 persons years (based on the column scaled in 2004 dollars).

The impacts of purchasing the machinery and equipment in 2004 are also estimated by using intensity ratios from Table 3, specifically the ratios for commodity 22 (machinery and equipment). Since Alberta manufactures only a portion of the machinery or equipment it uses, it has a small impact on Alberta GDP (in this case only 30.0 percent of the machinery & equipment used in Alberta is produced in the province - see Table 9). The calculated impacts due to machinery and equipment purchases are as follows:

- GDP at basic prices would grow by 0.615 * $1,000,000 = $615,000.

- Labour income would rise by 0.273 * $1,000,000 = $273,000.

- Employment would increase by $1,000,000/$10,000 * 0.046 = 4.6 person years (based on the column scaled in 2004 dollars).

Alberta clearly derives more economic benefit from the construction activity associated with Project 1 than it does from the purchase of machinery and equipment. This is due to the higher Alberta content for construction (i.e., local labour and materials) compared to machinery and equipment which is predominately produced outside the province.

Operations Phase of Project 1:

The second phase of impacts associated with Project 1 involves the actual operation of the plant which would begin operations in 2005. For this phase the industry based tables are used since the impacts associated with the economic activity of a particular industry are being analyzed. Since both the value of direct output and a breakdown of inputs has been given, either industry intensity ratios (Table 1) or industry multipliers (Table 2) can be used. To use Table 1, the procedure is to locate the appropriate industry and apply the ratios to the value of output. Here, information for industry no. 321 (wood product industries) is used yielding the following impacts:

- GDP at basic prices would grow by 0.666 * $3,000,000 = $1,998,000.

- Labour Income would increase by 0.305 * $3,000,000 = $915,000.

- Employment for 2004 would increase by $3,000,000/$10,000 * 0.063 = 18.9 person years (based the 2004 industry employment intensity ratio).

The effects of price increases should be accounted for when determining employment impacts beyond 2004 for which employment intensity ratios are provided in Table 1. For example, if industry selling prices for wood product manufactures (or some other suitable proxy for inflation) increased by 2 percent during 2005, the industry employment intensity ratio would be adjusted as follows:

- Estimated employment multiplier for 2005 = 0.063/1.02 = 0.062.

Using this revised employment multiplier, growth in employment for 2005 would be estimated at 3,000,000/10,000 * 0.062 = 18.6 person years.

Since detailed cost information has been provided, the industry multipliers provided in

Table 2 can also be used. The first step is to analyze the categories for which cost information has been provided and identify which of these enter into the establishment's operating surplus and thereby directly into GDP at basic prices. As a rule, wages, profits and depreciation are primary inputs (not purchased from another industry) and go directly into GDP. If overhead consists of rent payments and salaries for administration (as is assumed in this case), this category also enters directly into GDP. Materials and other purchased inputs do not since they are purchased from other industries and involve indirect economic impacts.

Therefore, the cost categories can be allocated as follows:

Wages	$ 600	Direct GDP
Profit	425	Direct GDP
Depreciation	340	Direct GDP
Overhead	35	Direct GDP
Subtotal	1,400	Direct GDP
Materials	1,600	Indirect GDP
Total Costs (Inputs)	$ 3,000	Gross Output

Thus, $1,400,000 out of the firm's $3 million gross output (total costs) constitutes its direct contribution to GDP at basic prices.

Included in this contribution is an estimated $600 of direct labour income and 15 person years of direct employment to which the appropriate multipliers from Table 2 (industry no. 321, wood product mannufacturing) would be applied. Based on Table 2, the indirect effects are:

- 1.586 * $1,400,000 = $2,220,400 of growth in GDP at basic prices.
- 1.685 * $600,000 = $1,011,000 of labour income.
- 1.876 * 15.0 direct jobs = 28.1 person years of employment.

In this example, the results using multipliers from Table 2 are almost identical to those calculated using the intensity ratios from Table 1. In practice, the multipliers from Table 2 should be used in preference to the intensity ratios from Table 1. Intensity ratios assume an "average" direct contribution to labour income, GDP at basic prices, and employment, and these factors can vary substantially from industry averages for particular firms. Generally, a more accurate result can be obtained by using actual data for firms and industry multipliers rather than the industry averages implied in the intensity ratios.

Analysis of Project 2

The only information provided for project 2 is that output will increase by $3 million in both 2004 and 2005 for an establishment in the wholesale trade industry. Since only industry data has been given, one of the industry tables must be used (Table 1 or 2). As there is no breakdown of costs provided, direct GDP content associated with the change in output cannot be calculated. Therefore, industry intensity ratios from Table 1 rather than the multipliers from Table 2 must be used.

For Table 1 the wholesale trade industry is number 410. The $3 million change in the value of output is applied to each intensity ratio yielding the following total impacts:

- 0.823 * $3,000,000 = $2,469,000 growth in GDP at basic prices.
- 0.500 * $3,000,000 = $1,500,000 growth in labour income.
- $3,000,000/$10,000 * .103 = 30.9 person year increase in employment.

Since the change in output of $3 million is the same for 2004 and 2005, the labour income and GDP impacts would be the same for both years

To calculate the 2005 employment impact it is necessary to allow for price increases over 2004. For example, if the industry selling price (or another appropriate price proxy) for the wholesale trade industry increased by 2 percent in 2005, the employment multiplier (scaled in 2004 dollars) could be adjusted as follows:

- 0.103/1.02 = 0.101.

Therefore, the employment impact in 2005 would be:

- $3,000,000/$10,000 * 0.101 = 30.3 person years.

Comparison of the Two Projects

The last step in the analysis is to compare the results of the two projects. The following is a summary of the results (note that for Project 1, we have to add the impacts of the construction and machinery & equipment purchases to get total impact for 2004):

		Project 1	*Project 2*
GDP at Basic prices ($000's):	2004	3,055	2,469
	2005	1,998	2,469
Labour Income ($000's):	2004	2,101	1,500
	2005	915	1,500
Employment (PYs):	2004	39.4	30.9
	2005	18.3	30.3

It is clear that project 1 has the larger economic impact for 2004. This result is largely due to the construction phase of the plant. If a longer term view is taken, then project 2 may in fact yield the larger economic benefit. This can be seen by comparing impacts for 2005 for which project 2 has a greater effect on GDP, labour income and employment.

Table 1: Alberta Industry Intensity Ratios (Open Model - Direct and Indirect Impacts)

Industry		GDP at Basic Prices	Labour Income	Employment 2000	Employment 2004	Gross Output
11A	Crop And Animal Production	0.674	0.217	0.144	0.134	1.931
113	Forestry And Logging	0.636	0.324	0.080	0.076	1.832
114	Fishing, Hunting And Trapping	0.678	0.520	0.175	0.162	1.741
115	Support Activities For Agriculture And Forestry	0.707	0.508	0.157	0.139	1.616
211	Oil And Gas Extraction	0.852	0.140	0.024	0.022	1.370
212	Mining (Except Oil And Gas Extraction)	0.813	0.386	0.062	0.059	1.397
213	Support Activities For Mining And Oil and Gas Extraction	0762	0.540	0.095	0.088	1.416
22A	Electric Power Generation, Transmission And Distribution	0.775	0.178	0.031	0.028	1.511
22B	Natural Gas Distribution, Water, Sewage And Other Systems	0.879	0.247	0.051	0.049	1.387
230	Construction	0.610	0.457	0.093	0.087	1.563
311	Food Manufacturing	0.545	0.224	0.089	0.083	2.002
312	Beverage And Tobacco Product Manufacturing	0.560	0.246	0.053	0.049	1.577
31A	Textile, 315 Clothing & 316 Leather Industries	0.627	0.408	0.139	0.132	1.291
321	Wood Product Manufacturing	0.666	0.305	0.068	0.063	1.648
322	Paper Manufacturing	0.677	0.239	0.045	0.042	1.616
323	Printing And Related Support Activities	0.622	0.379	0.092	0.084	1.359
324	Petroleum And Coal Products Manufacturing	0.773	0.162	0.028	0.026	2.113
325	Chemical Manufacturing	0.700	0.188	0.035	0.032	1.801
326	Plastics And Rubber Products Manufacturing	0.613	0.299	0.072	0.073	1.607
327	Non-Metallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	0.711	0.318	0.073	0.066	1.625
331	Primary Metal Manufacturing	0.472	0.219	0.042	0.038	1.329
332	Fabricated Metal Products Manufacturing	0.572	0.349	0.074	0.066	1.311
333	Machinery Manufacturing & 336 Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	0.530	0.326	0.064	0.055	1.280
334	Computer And Electronic Product Manufacturing	0.413	0.152	0.031	0.028	1.234
335	Electrical Equipment, Appliance And Component Manufacturing	0.507	0.349	0.075	0.069	1.296
337	Furniture And Related Product Manufacturing	0.619	0.359	0.099	0.085	1.393
339	Miscellaneous Manufacturing	0.640	0.336	0.099	0.091	1.312
410	Wholesale Trade	0.823	0.500	0.112	0.103	1.529
4A0	Retail Trade	0.838	0.603	0.211	0.202	1.506
484	Truck Transportation	0.760	0.482	0.110	0.103	1.665
485	Transit And Ground Passenger Transportation	1.055	0.781	0.224	0.201	1.579
486	Pipeline Transportation	0.907	0.240	0.036	0.034	1.318
48A	Air, Rail, Water & Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation & Support Activities For Transportation	0.742	0.472	0.107	0.098	1.658
49A	Postal Service And Couriers And Messengers	0.855	0.705	0.212	0.189	1.436
493	Warehousing And Storage	0.867	0.535	0.116	0.107	1.388
512	Motion Picture And Sound Recording Industries	0.719	0.404	0.153	0.140	1.781
513	Broadcasting And Telecommunications	0.849	0.352	0.073	0.070	1.344
51A	Publishing Industries, Information Services And Data Processing Services	0.743	0.502	0.115	0.111	1.472
5A0	Finance, Insurance, Real Estate And Renting And Leasing	0.862	0.421	0.064	0.061	1.439
541	Professional, Scientific And Technical Services	0.757	0.590	0.132	0.123	1.621
561	Administrative And Support Services	0.817	0.651	0.202	0.191	1.521
562	Waste Management And Remediation Services	0.795	0.402	0.096	0.095	1.661
610	Educational Services	0.886	0.782	0.289	0.249	1.355
620	Health Care And Social Assistance	0.865	0.642	0.255	0.230	1.308
710	Arts, Entertainment And Recreation	0.741	0.557	0.218	0.212	1.808
720	Accommodation And Food Services	0.716	0.483	0.255	0.240	1.576
811	Repair And Maintenance	0.828	0.588	0.194	0.177	1.459
813	Grant-Making, Civic, And Professional And Similar Organizations	0.884	0.765	0.415	0.365	1.358
81A	Personal And Laundry Services And Private Households	0.836	0.601	0.318	0.323	1.384
NP1	Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households (Excluding Education)	0.831	0.705	0.123	0.109	1.444
NP2	Non-Profit Education Institutions	0.886	0.774	0.794	0.705	1.297
GS1	Hospitals And Residential Care Facilities	0.810	0.708	0.182	0.162	1.316
GS2	Education	0.882	0.770	0.173	0.149	1.293
GS4	Other Municipal Government Services	0.883	0.587	0.118	0.111	1.382
GS5	Other Provincial And Territorial Government Services	0.749	0.524	0.139	0.126	1.834
GS6	Other Federal Government Services	0.858	0.701	0.115	0.103	1.370

Notes: **Intensity ratios for GDP, Labour Income and Gross Output expressed as total impact per dollar of output change**
Intensity ratios for employment expressed as total number of jobs created per $10,000 of output change

Table 2: Alberta Industry Multipliers (Open Model - Direct and Indirect Impacts)

Industry		GDP at Basic Prices	Labour Income	Employment 2000	Employment 2004	Gross Output
11A	Crop And Animal Production	2.093	2.950	1.630	1.632	1.931
113	Forestry And Logging	1.821	1.819	2.208	2.181	1.832
114	Fishing, Hunting And Trapping	1.426	1.311	1.197	1.197	1.741
115	Support Activities For Agriculture And Forestry	1.460	1.296	1.230	1.247	1.616
211	Oil And Gas Extraction	1.203	2.585	4.235	4.239	1.370
212	Mining (Except Oil And Gas Extraction)	1.282	1.329	1.535	1.525	1.397
213	Support Activities For Mining And Oil And Gas Extraction	1.295	1.195	1.298	1.303	1.416
22A	Electric Power Generation, Transmission And Distribution	1.471	2.177	2.602	2.719	1.511
22B	Natural Gas Distribution, Water, Sewage And Other Systems	1.219	1.637	1.692	1.669	1.387
230	Construction	1.778	1.558	1.635	1.626	1.563
311	Food Manufacturing	2.793	2.535	3.939	3.869	2.002
312	Beverage And Tobacco Product Manufacturing	1.667	2.054	2.505	2.502	1.577
31A	Textile, 315 Clothing & 316 Leather Industries	1.243	1.190	1.136	1.133	1.291
321	Wood Product Manufacturing	1.586	1.685	1.842	1.876	1.648
322	Paper Manufacturing	1.558	1.911	2.512	2.556	1.616
323	Printing And Related Support Activities	1.307	1.254	1.246	1.252	1.359
324	Petroleum And Coal Products Manufacturing	7.798	4.860	5.593	5.845	2.113
325	Chemical Manufacturing	2.262	2.772	3.389	3.519	1.801
326	Plastics And Rubber Products Manufacturing	1.652	1.476	1.414	1.373	1.607
327	Non-Metallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	1.632	1.647	1.653	1.682	1.625
331	Primary Metal Manufacturing	1.432	1.497	1.628	1.660	1.329
332	Fabricated Metal Products Manufacturing	1.276	1.238	1.260	1.272	1.311
333	Machinery Manufacturing & 336 Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	1.274	1.241	1.293	1.327	1.280
334	Computer And Electronic Product Manufacturing	1.304	1.575	1.715	1.735	1.234
335	Electrical Equipment, Appliance And Component Manufacturing	1.303	1.237	1.260	1.263	1.296
337	Furniture And Related Product Manufacturing	1.372	1.346	1.288	1.317	1.393
339	Miscellaneous Manufacturing	1.239	1.233	1.180	1.185	1.312
410	Wholesale Trade	1.392	1.344	1.371	1.379	1.529
4A0	Retail Trade	1.387	1.273	1.164	1.161	1.506
484	Truck Transportation	1.639	1.455	1.483	1.478	1.665
485	Transit And Ground Passenger Transportation	1.332	1.217	1.174	1.184	1.579
486	Pipeline Transportation	1.195	1.404	1.770	1.782	1.318
48A	Air, Rail, Water & Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation & Support Activities For Transportation	1.641	1.489	1.572	1.598	1.658
49A	Postal Service And Couriers And Messengers	1.320	1.220	1.185	1.195	1.436
493	Warehousing And Storage	1.272	1.230	1.226	1.230	1.388
512	Motion Picture And Sound Recording Industries	1.918	2.135	1.725	1.787	1.781
513	Broadcasting And Telecommunications	1.214	1.349	1.454	1.444	1.344
51A	Publishing Industries, Information Services And Data Processing Services	1.333	1.295	1.321	1.308	1.472
5A0	Finance, Insurance, Real Estate And Renting And Leasing	1.296	1.362	1.656	1.644	1.439
541	Professional, Scientific And Technical Services	1.426	1.315	1.354	1.356	1.621
561	Administrative And Support Services	1.365	1.247	1.184	1.183	1.521
562	Waste Management And Remediation Services	1.503	1.587	1.711	1.653	1.661
610	Educational Services	1.222	1.123	1.069	1.076	1.355
620	Health Care And Social Assistance	1.178	1.125	1.073	1.076	1.308
710	Arts, Entertainment And Recreation	1.772	1.569	1.378	1.363	1.808
720	Accommodation And Food Services	1.472	1.326	1.144	1.144	1.576
811	Repair And Maintenance	1.283	1.210	1.140	1.144	1.459
813	Grant-Making, Civic, And Professional And Similar Organizations	1.171	1.115	1.051	1.054	1.358
81A	Personal And Laundry Services And Private Households	1.240	1.165	1.067	1.062	1.384
NP1	Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households (Excluding Education)	1.301	1.165	1.233	1.252	1.444
NP2	Non-Profit Education Institutions	1.190	1.080	1.017	1.018	1.297
GS1	Hospitals And Residential Care Facilities	1.162	1.109	1.126	1.131	1.316
GS2	Education	1.163	1.104	1.119	1.129	1.293
GS4	Other Municipal Government Services	1.240	1.219	1.262	1.257	1.382
GS5	Other Provincial And Territorial Government Services	2.373	2.395	3.186	3.251	1.834
GS 6	Other Federal Government Services	1.238	1.189	1.373	1.388	1.370

Notes: **Multipliers for GDP expressed as total impact per direct change in GDP**
Multipliers for Labour Income expressed as total impact per direct change in Labour Income
Multipliers for Gross Output expressed as total impact per direct change in Gross Output
Multipliers for Employment expressed as total number of jobs created per direct job created
You must know the direct change in GDP at basic prices, labour income or person years of employment before using these multiplie s.

Table 3: Alberta Commodity Intensity Ratios in Producer Prices (Open Model - Direct and Indirect Impacts)

Commodity	GDP at Basic Prices	Labour Income	Employment 2000	Employment 2004	Gross Output
01 Grains	0.674	0.217	0.144	0.134	1.931
02 Other agricultural products	0.678	0.245	0.143	0.133	1.905
03 Forestry products	0.640	0.317	0.083	0.078	1.827
04 Fish, seafood and trapping products	0.678	0.507	0.173	0.161	1.749
05 Metal ores & concentrates	0.748	0.344	0.067	0.062	1.516
06 Mineral fuels	0.852	0.142	0.024	0.022	1.370
07 Non-metallic minerals	0.806	0.318	0.055	0.051	1.429
08 Services incidental to mining	0.763	0.539	0.095	0.088	1.416
09 Meat, fish, and dairy products	0.547	0.224	0.090	0.084	2.001
10 Fruit, veg. and other food products, feeds	0.553	0.234	0.091	0.085	1.983
11 Soft drinks and alcoholic beverages	0.645	0.376	0.158	0.148	1.586
13 Leather, rubber, and plastic products	0.620	0.300	0.072	0.072	1.607
14 Textile products	0.661	0.331	0.098	0.093	1.494
15 Hosiery, clothing and accessories	0.637	0.405	0.138	0.132	1.250
16 Lumber and wood products	0.667	0.311	0.071	0.065	1.638
17 Furniture and fixtures	0.619	0.359	0.098	0.085	1.392
18 Wood pulp, paper and paper products	0.678	0.241	0.046	0.043	1.623
19 Printing and publishing	0.691	0.449	0.105	0.099	1.430
20 Primary metal products	0.494	0.245	0.049	0.044	1.327
21 Other metal products	0.571	0.346	0.074	0.066	1.319
22 Machinery and equipment	0.615	0.273	0.053	0.046	1.307
23 Motor veh., oth. transport equip. and parts	0.587	0.405	0.086	0.076	1.378
24 Electrical, electronic and communic. prod.	0.425	0.172	0.035	0.032	1.241
25 Non-metallic mineral products	0.710	0.318	0.073	0.066	1.624
26 Petroleum and coal products	0.802	0.157	0.027	0.025	1.830
27 Chemicals, pharmaceuticals & chemical prod.	0.699	0.190	0.037	0.034	1.802
28 Other manufactured products	0.627	0.329	0.089	0.081	1.416
29 Residential construction	0.610	0.457	0.093	0.087	1.563
30 Non-residential construction	0.610	0.457	0.093	0.087	1.563
31 Repair construction	0.610	0.457	0.093	0.087	1.563
32 Transportation and storage	0.829	0.401	0.089	0.082	1.511
33 Communications services	0.850	0.383	0.085	0.080	1.352
34 Other utilities	0.818	0.296	0.059	0.056	1.481
35 Wholesaling margins	0.802	0.481	0.109	0.101	1.540
36 Retailing margins	0.834	0.591	0.206	0.196	1.504
38 Other finance, insurance, and real estate services	0.856	0.424	0.068	0.065	1.450
39 Business and computer services	0.770	0.568	0.137	0.128	1.592
40 Private education services	0.881	0.769	0.249	0.216	1.319
41 Health and social services	0.852	0.649	0.233	0.209	1.338
42 Accommodation services and meals	0.721	0.487	0.250	0.235	1.576
43 Other services	0.809	0.532	0.169	0.161	1.521
47 Non-profit institutions serving households	0.835	0.710	0.175	0.155	1.433
48 Government sector services	0.813	0.642	0.150	0.133	1.505

Notes: Intensity ratios for GDP, Labour Income and Gross Output expressed as total impact per dollar of output change
Intensity ratios for employment expressed as total number of jobs created per $10,000 of output change

Table 4: Alberta Commodity Intensity Ratios in Purchaser Prices (Open Model - Direct and Indirect Impacts)

Commodity	GDP at Basic Prices	Labour Income	Employment 2000	Employment 2004	Gross Output
01 Grains	0.677	0.246	0.139	0.129	1.922
02 Other agricultural products	0.680	0.252	0.142	0.132	1.900
03 Forestry products	0.637	0.321	0.083	0.078	1.847
04 Fish, seafood and trapping products	0.692	0.489	0.154	0.143	1.750
05 Metal ores & concentrates	0.715	0.336	0.066	0.061	1.542
06 Mineral fuels	0.852	0.163	0.029	0.027	1.373
07 Non-metallic minerals	0.764	0.334	0.064	0.060	1.571
08 Services incidental to mining	0.763	0.539	0.095	0.088	1.416
09 Meat, fish, and dairy products	0.562	0.241	0.091	0.086	1.978
10 Fruit, veg. and other food products, feeds	0.601	0.287	0.094	0.088	1.911
11 Soft drinks and alcoholic beverages	0.455	0.171	0.107	0.100	1.399
13 Leather, rubber, and plastic products	0.668	0.356	0.088	0.085	1.610
14 Textile products	0.753	0.439	0.111	0.104	1.541
15 Hosiery, clothing and accessories	0.753	0.489	0.147	0.139	1.454
16 Lumber and wood products	0.699	0.372	0.090	0.084	1.652
17 Furniture and fixtures	0.727	0.434	0.105	0.095	1.514
18 Wood pulp, paper and paper products	0.685	0.277	0.057	0.053	1.650
19 Printing and publishing	0.700	0.452	0.106	0.100	1.444
20 Primary metal products	0.633	0.360	0.079	0.073	1.527
21 Other metal products	0.622	0.380	0.085	0.077	1.389
22 Machinery and equipment	0.709	0.383	0.084	0.076	1.444
23 Motor veh., oth. transport equip. and parts	0.775	0.511	0.143	0.134	1.509
24 Electrical, electronic and communic. prod.	0.642	0.355	0.082	0.076	1.431
25 Non-metallic mineral products	0.718	0.359	0.085	0.078	1.653
26 Petroleum and coal products	0.720	0.178	0.036	0.033	1.687
27 Chemicals, pharmaceuticals & chemical prod.	0.705	0.227	0.047	0.043	1.789
28 Other manufactured products	0.702	0.410	0.107	0.099	1.509
29 Residential construction	0.610	0.457	0.093	0.087	1.563
30 Non-residential construction	0.610	0.457	0.093	0.087	1.563
31 Repair construction	0.602	0.451	0.092	0.086	1.555
32 Transportation and storage	0.828	0.401	0.089	0.082	1.511
33 Communications services	0.839	0.379	0.084	0.079	1.347
34 Other utilities	0.815	0.295	0.059	0.056	1.479
35 Wholesaling margins	0.802	0.481	0.109	0.101	1.540
36 Retailing margins	0.785	0.556	0.194	0.184	1.474
38 Other finance, insurance, and real estate services	0.853	0.422	0.068	0.065	1.448
39 Business and computer services	0.764	0.564	0.136	0.127	1.588
40 Private education services	0.880	0.769	0.249	0.216	1.319
41 Health and social services	0.852	0.649	0.233	0.209	1.338
42 Accommodation services and meals	0.720	0.487	0.250	0.235	1.575
43 Other services	0.804	0.528	0.168	0.160	1.518
47 Non-profit institutions serving households	0.835	0.710	0.175	0.155	1.433
48 Government sector services	0.813	0.642	0.150	0.133	1.505

Notes: Intensity ratios for GDP, Labour Income and Gross Output expressed as total impact per dollar of output change
Intensity ratios for employment expressed as total number of jobs created per $10,000 of output change

Table 5: Alberta Industry Intensity Ratios (Closed Model - Direct, Indirect and Induced Impacts)

Industry		GDP at Basic Prices	Labour Income	Employment 2000	Employment 2004	Gross Output
11A	Crop And Animal Production	0.776	0.275	0.160	0.149	2.395
113	Forestry And Logging	0.788	0.411	0.104	0.098	2.526
114	Fishing, Hunting And Trapping	0.922	0.660	0.213	0.198	2.854
115	Support Activities For Agriculture And Forestry	0.946	0.644	0.194	0.174	2.703
211	Oil And Gas Extraction	0.918	0.178	0.034	0.032	1.670
212	Mining (Except Oil And Gas Extraction)	0.994	0.489	0.090	0.085	2.222
213	Support Activities For Mining And Oil And Gas Extraction	1.016	0.685	0.135	0.125	2.573
22A	Electric Power Generation, Transmission And Distribution	0.858	0.225	0.044	0.041	1.891
22B	Natural Gas Distribution, Water, Sewage And Other Systems	0.995	0.314	0.069	0.066	1.917
230	Construction	0.825	0.580	0.126	0.119	2.543
311	Food Manufacturing	0.650	0.284	0.106	0.099	2.482
312	Beverage And Tobacco Product Manufacturing	0.675	0.312	0.071	0.066	2.103
31A	Textile, 315 Clothing & 316 Leather Industries	0.819	0.517	0.169	0.161	2.164
321	Wood Product Manufacturing	0.809	0.387	0.091	0.084	2.301
322	Paper Manufacturing	0.789	0.303	0.063	0.058	2.128
323	Printing And Related Support Activities	0.800	0.481	0.120	0.110	2.171
324	Petroleum And Coal Products Manufacturing	0.848	0.205	0.040	0.037	2.459
325	Chemical Manufacturing	0.789	0.239	0.049	0.045	2.204
326	Plastics And Rubber Products Manufacturing	0.754	0.380	0.094	0.093	2.247
327	Non-Metallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	0.860	0.403	0.096	0.088	2.305
331	Primary Metal Manufacturing	0.575	0.278	0.058	0.053	1.799
332	Fabricated Metal Products Manufacturing	0.735	0.443	0.100	0.090	2.059
333	Machinery Manufacturing & 336 Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	0.683	0.414	0.088	0.077	1.978
334	Computer And Electronic Product Manufacturing	0.485	0.193	0.042	0.039	1.559
335	Electrical Equipment, Appliance And Component Manufacturing	0.671	0.443	0.100	0.093	2.044
337	Furniture And Related Product Manufacturing	0.788	0.456	0.125	0.110	2.162
339	Miscellaneous Manufacturing	0.798	0.426	0.124	0.114	2.031
410	Wholesale Trade	1.057	0.634	0.148	0.138	2.599
4A0	Retail Trade	1.121	0.765	0.256	0.243	2.797
484	Truck Transportation	0.986	0.611	0.146	0.137	2.697
485	Transit And Ground Passenger Transportation	1.422	0.991	0.281	0.255	3.251
486	Pipeline Transportation	1.020	0.304	0.054	0.050	1.831
48A	Air, Rail, Water & Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation & Support Activities For Transportation	0.964	0.598	0.142	0.130	2.668
49A	Postal Service And Couriers And Messengers	1.186	0.894	0.264	0.238	2.946
493	Warehousing And Storage	1.118	0.678	0.155	0.144	2.533
512	Motion Picture And Sound Recording Industries	0.908	0.512	0.183	0.168	2.646
513	Broadcasting And Telecommunications	1.014	0.447	0.099	0.094	2.098
51A	Publishing Industries, Information Services And Data Processing Services	0.979	0.636	0.152	0.146	2.547
5A0	Finance, Insurance, Real Estate And Renting And Leasing	1.060	0.534	0.095	0.090	2.341
541	Professional, Scientific And Technical Services	1.034	0.749	0.175	0.164	2.886
561	Administrative And Support Services	1.122	0.826	0.250	0.236	2.915
562	Waste Management And Remediation Services	0.983	0.510	0.126	0.123	2.521
610	Educational Services	1.253	0.992	0.347	0.303	3.030
620	Health Care And Social Assistance	1.166	0.814	0.303	0.274	2.682
710	Arts, Entertainment And Recreation	1.002	0.706	0.259	0.251	3.000
720	Accommodation And Food Services	0.942	0.612	0.291	0.273	2.610
811	Repair And Maintenance	1.104	0.745	0.237	0.217	2.717
813	Grant-Making, Civic, And Professional And Similar Organizations	1.243	0.970	0.472	0.417	2.995
81A	Personal And Laundry Services And Private Households	1.118	0.762	0.362	0.364	2.671
NP1	Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households (Excluding Education)	1.162	0.894	0.175	0.158	2.954
NP2	Non-Profit Education Institutions	1.249	0.982	0.851	0.759	2.955
GS1	Hospitals And Residential Care Facilities	1.142	0.898	0.234	0.211	2.832
GS2	Education	1.244	0.977	0.229	0.202	2.943
GS4	Other Municipal Government Services	1.158	0.744	0.161	0.152	2.638
GS5	Other Provincial And Territorial Government Services	0.995	0.665	0.178	0.162	2.956
GS6	Other Federal Government Services	1.187	0.889	0.167	0.151	2.870

Notes: **Intensity ratios for GDP, Labour Income and Gross Output expressed as total impact per dollar of output change**
Intensity ratios for employment expressed as total number of jobs created per $10,000 of output change

Table 6: Alberta Industry Multipliers (Closed Model - Direct, Indirect and Induced Impacts)

Industry		GDP at Basic Prices	Labour Income	Employment 2000	Employment 2004	Gross Output
11A	Crop And Animal Production	2.409	3.742	1.810	1.814	2.395
113	Forestry And Logging	2.256	2.308	2.864	2.825	2.526
114	Fishing, Hunting And Trapping	1.940	1.662	1.459	1.462	2.854
115	Support Activities For Agriculture And Forestry	1.952	1.644	1.524	1.561	2.703
211	Oil And Gas Extraction	1.296	3.279	6.071	6.084	1.670
212	Mining (Except Oil And Gas Extraction)	1.568	1.686	2.240	2.219	2.222
213	Support Activities For Mining And Oil And Gas Extraction	1.726	1.516	1.842	1.856	2.573
22A	Electric Power Generation, Transmission And Distribution	1.629	2.761	3.697	3.893	1.891
22B	Natural Gas Distribution, Water, Sewage And Other Systems	1.380	2.076	2.295	2.251	1.917
230	Construction	2.403	1.976	2.228	2.216	2.543
311	Food Manufacturing	3.333	3.216	4.668	4.586	2.482
312	Beverage And Tobacco Product Manufacturing	2.011	2.605	3.365	3.360	2.103
31A	Textile, 315 Clothing & 316 Leather Industries	1.623	1.510	1.382	1.374	2.164
321	Wood Product Manufacturing	1.928	2.138	2.447	2.506	2.301
322	Paper Manufacturing	1.816	2.424	3.491	3.566	2.128
323	Printing And Related Support Activities	1.681	1.590	1.624	1.641	2.171
324	Petroleum And Coal Products Manufacturing	8.563	6.164	7.997	8.388	2.459
325	Chemical Manufacturing	2.548	3.517	4.723	4.930	2.204
326	Plastics And Rubber Products Manufacturing	2.030	1.872	1.844	1.764	2.247
327	Non-Metallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	1.974	2.089	2.186	2.244	2.305
331	Primary Metal Manufacturing	1.744	1.898	2.251	2.317	1.799
332	Fabricated Metal Products Manufacturing	1.642	1.571	1.697	1.734	2.059
333	Machinery Manufacturing & 336 Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	1.642	1.574	1.776	1.874	1.978
334	Computer And Electronic Product Manufacturing	1.528	1.998	2.341	2.380	1.559
335	Electrical Equipment, Appliance And Component Manufacturing	1.725	1.569	1.694	1.705	2.044
337	Furniture And Related Product Manufacturing	1.746	1.707	1.633	1.699	2.162
339	Miscellaneous Manufacturing	1.544	1.564	1.474	1.487	2.031
410	Wholesale Trade	1.789	1.705	1.823	1.839	2.599
4A0	Retail Trade	1.855	1.615	1.408	1.400	2.797
484	Truck Transportation	2.126	1.846	1.961	1.953	2.697
485	Transit And Ground Passenger Transportation	1.795	1.543	1.476	1.501	3.251
486	Pipeline Transportation	1.343	1.780	2.629	2.654	1.831
48A	Air, Rail, Water & Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation & Support Activities For Transportation	2.131	1.889	2.082	2.131	2.668
49A	Postal Service And Couriers And Messengers	1.831	1.547	1.474	1.502	2.946
493	Warehousing And Storage	1.639	1.560	1.642	1.652	2.533
512	Motion Picture And Sound Recording Industries	2.424	2.708	2.060	2.143	2.646
513	Broadcasting And Telecommunications	1.450	1.711	1.968	1.943	2.098
51A	Publishing Industries, Information Services And Data Processing Services	1.756	1.643	1.746	1.716	2.547
5A0	Finance, Insurance, Real Estate And Renting And Leasing	1.593	1.728	2.461	2.431	2.341
541	Professional, Scientific And Technical Services	1.948	1.668	1.801	1.805	2.886
561	Administrative And Support Services	1.876	1.582	1.465	1.461	2.915
562	Waste Management And Remediation Services	1.860	2.013	2.237	2.134	2.521
610	Educational Services	1.728	1.424	1.282	1.309	3.030
620	Health Care And Social Assistance	1.588	1.427	1.271	1.283	2.682
710	Arts, Entertainment And Recreation	2.397	1.990	1.638	1.610	3.000
720	Accommodation And Food Services	1.939	1.682	1.303	1.303	2.610
811	Repair And Maintenance	1.710	1.535	1.393	1.407	2.717
813	Grant-Making, Civic, And Professional And Similar Organizations	1.647	1.414	1.193	1.207	2.995
81A	Personal And Laundry Services And Private Households	1.658	1.478	1.216	1.199	2.671
NP1	Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households (Excluding Education)	1.820	1.478	1.751	1.809	2.954
NP2	Non-Profit Education Institutions	1.678	1.370	1.090	1.095	2.955
GS1	Hospitals And Residential Care Facilities	1.638	1.407	1.449	1.471	2.832
GS2	Education	1.639	1.400	1.486	1.532	2.943
GS4	Other Municipal Government Services	1.627	1.546	1.725	1.714	2.638
GS5	Other Provincial And Territorial Government Services	3.152	3.038	4.069	4.187	2.956
GS6	Other Federal Government Services	1.713	1.509	1.987	2.042	2.870

Notes: **Multipliers for GDP expressed as total impact per direct change in GDP**
Multipliers for Labour Income expressed as total impact per direct change in Labour Income
Multipliers for Gross Output expressed as total impact per direct change in Gross Output
Multipliers for Employment expressed as total number of jobs created per direct job created
You must know the direct change in GDP at basic prices, labour income or person years of employment before using these multipliers.

Table 7: Alberta Commodity Intensity Ratios in Producer Prices (Closed Model - Direct, Indirect and Induced Impacts)

Commodity		GDP at Basic Prices	Labour Income	Employment 2000	Employment 2004	Gross Output
01	Grains	0.776	0.275	0.160	0.149	2.395
02	Other agricultural products	0.793	0.310	0.161	0.150	2.429
03	Forestry products	0.789	0.402	0.106	0.100	2.507
04	Fish, seafood and trapping products	0.916	0.643	0.211	0.196	2.834
05	Metal ores & concentrates	0.910	0.437	0.092	0.085	2.254
06	Mineral fuels	0.918	0.180	0.035	0.032	1.674
012	Non-metallic minerals	0.955	0.403	0.078	0.073	2.110
08	Services incidental to mining	1.016	0.683	0.134	0.125	2.569
09	Meat, fish, and dairy products	0.653	0.284	0.107	0.100	2.481
10	Fruit, veg. and other food products, feeds	0.663	0.296	0.108	0.101	2.483
11	Soft drinks and alcoholic beverages	0.821	0.477	0.185	0.174	2.392
13	Leather, rubber, and plastic products	0.761	0.381	0.094	0.093	2.249
14	Textile products	0.817	0.420	0.123	0.116	2.203
15	Hosiery, clothing and accessories	0.827	0.513	0.168	0.160	2.116
16	Lumber and wood products	0.813	0.395	0.094	0.087	2.304
17	Furniture and fixtures	0.787	0.455	0.125	0.110	2.161
18	Wood pulp, paper and paper products	0.791	0.306	0.064	0.059	2.140
19	Printing and publishing	0.902	0.569	0.138	0.130	2.391
20	Primary metal products	0.609	0.310	0.067	0.061	1.850
21	Other metal products	0.734	0.439	0.099	0.090	2.060
22	Machinery and equipment	0.744	0.347	0.073	0.065	1.893
23	Motor veh., oth. transport equip. and parts	0.777	0.514	0.116	0.104	2.246
24	Electrical, electronic and communic. prod.	0.506	0.218	0.048	0.044	1.609
25	Non-metallic mineral products	0.860	0.403	0.096	0.088	2.305
26	Petroleum and coal products	0.875	0.199	0.039	0.036	2.166
27	Chemicals, pharmaceuticals & chemical prod.	0.788	0.241	0.051	0.047	2.208
28	Other manufactured products	0.782	0.418	0.113	0.104	2.121
29	Residential construction	0.825	0.580	0.126	0.119	2.543
30	Non-residential construction	0.825	0.580	0.126	0.119	2.543
31	Repair construction	0.825	0.580	0.126	0.119	2.543
32	Transportation and storage	1.017	0.508	0.118	0.110	2.370
33	Communications services	1.030	0.486	0.113	0.107	2.172
34	Other utilities	0.957	0.375	0.081	0.076	2.115
35	Wholesaling margins	1.028	0.611	0.144	0.134	2.570
36	Retailing margins	1.112	0.750	0.250	0.237	2.770
38	Other finance, insurance, and real estate services	1.055	0.538	0.100	0.094	2.358
39	Business and computer services	1.036	0.720	0.179	0.168	2.808
40	Private education services	1.242	0.976	0.305	0.269	2.967
41	Health and social services	1.157	0.823	0.281	0.254	2.728
42	Accommodation services and meals	0.949	0.618	0.286	0.268	2.619
43	Other services	1.059	0.674	0.208	0.197	2.660
47	Non-profit institutions serving households	1.169	0.901	0.227	0.204	2.954
48	Government sector services	1.115	0.814	0.197	0.178	2.879

Notes: Intensity ratios for GDP, Labour Income and Gross Output expressed as total impact per dollar of output change
Intensity ratios for employment expressed as total number of jobs created per $10,000 of output change

Table 8: Alberta Commodity Intensity Ratios in Purchaser Prices (Closed Model - Direct, Indirect and Induced Impacts)

Commodity		GDP at Basic Prices	Labour Income	Employment 2000	Employment 2004	Gross Output
01	Grains	0.793	0.312	0.157	0.146	2.449
02	Other agricultural products	0.798	0.320	0.161	0.150	2.440
03	Forestry products	0.788	0.407	0.107	0.100	2.534
04	Fish, seafood and trapping products	0.921	0.620	0.190	0.177	2.798
05	Metal ores & concentrates	0.872	0.426	0.091	0.084	2.261
06	Mineral fuels	0.928	0.207	0.041	0.038	1.723
07	Non-metallic minerals	0.921	0.424	0.088	0.083	2.287
08	Services incidental to mining	1.016	0.683	0.134	0.125	2.569
09	Meat, fish, and dairy products	0.675	0.306	0.109	0.102	2.495
10	Fruit, veg. and other food products, feeds	0.736	0.365	0.115	0.108	2.526
11	Soft drinks and alcoholic beverages	0.582	0.343	0.127	0.119	1.979
13	Leather, rubber, and plastic products	0.835	0.452	0.114	0.110	2.373
14	Textile products	0.960	0.557	0.144	0.134	2.481
15	Hosiery, clothing and accessories	0.983	0.620	0.183	0.172	2.500
16	Lumber and wood products	0.874	0.471	0.118	0.109	2.448
17	Furniture and fixtures	0.931	0.551	0.137	0.125	2.444
18	Wood pulp, paper and paper products	0.815	0.352	0.077	0.072	2.244
19	Printing and publishing	0.912	0.573	0.140	0.132	2.412
20	Primary metal products	0.802	0.457	0.106	0.098	2.298
21	Other metal products	0.801	0.481	0.113	0.103	2.202
22	Machinery and equipment	0.889	0.485	0.112	0.102	2.264
23	Motor veh., oth. transport equip. and parts	1.015	0.648	0.181	0.169	2.603
24	Electrical, electronic and communic. prod.	0.809	0.451	0.108	0.101	2.192
25	Non-metallic mineral products	0.887	0.455	0.112	0.103	2.422
26	Petroleum and coal products	0.803	0.225	0.049	0.045	2.067
27	Chemicals, pharmaceuticals & chemical prod.	0.811	0.288	0.064	0.059	2.275
28	Other manufactured products	0.895	0.520	0.137	0.127	2.387
29	Residential construction	0.825	0.580	0.126	0.119	2.543
30	Non-residential construction	0.825	0.580	0.126	0.119	2.543
31	Repair construction	0.814	0.572	0.125	0.117	2.522
32	Transportation and storage	1.016	0.508	0.118	0.110	2.369
33	Communications services	1.017	0.480	0.112	0.105	2.158
34	Other utilities	0.954	0.374	0.080	0.076	2.111
35	Wholesaling margins	1.028	0.611	0.144	0.134	2.570
36	Retailing margins	1.046	0.705	0.235	0.223	2.665
38	Other finance, insurance, and real estate services	1.051	0.535	0.099	0.094	2.352
39	Business and computer services	1.029	0.715	0.178	0.166	2.795
40	Private education services	1.241	0.976	0.305	0.269	2.966
41	Health and social services	1.157	0.823	0.281	0.254	2.727
42	Accommodation services and meals	0.948	0.617	0.286	0.268	2.618
43	Other services	1.053	0.670	0.206	0.196	2.650
47	Non-profit institutions serving households	1.169	0.901	0.227	0.204	2.954
48	Government sector services	1.115	0.814	0.197	0.178	2.879

Notes: Intensity ratios for GDP, Labour Income and Gross Output expressed as total impact per dollar of output change
Intensity ratios for employment expressed as total number of jobs created per $10,000 of output change

Table 9: Alberta Commodity Supply Ratios (Percent)

Commodity	Alberta	Rest of Canada	Rest of World	Total Supply
01 Grains	94.5	5.1	0.4	100.0
02 Other agricultural products	77.8	16.8	5.3	100.0
03 Forestry products	69.7	30.1	0.3	100.0
04 Fish, seafood and trapping products	19.2	36.5	44.4	100.0
05 Metal ores & concentrates	12.1	3.3	84.6	100.0
06 Mineral fuels	98.0	1.9	0.0	100.0
07 Non-metallic minerals	66.1	18.1	15.9	100.0
08 Services incidental to mining	96.2	3.8	0.0	100.0
09 Meat, fish, and dairy products	80.9	16.8	2.3	100.0
10 Fruit, veg. and other food products, feeds	51.5	32.2	16.3	100.0
11 Soft drinks and alcoholic beverages	65.5	20.0	14.5	100.0
12 Tobacco and tobacco products	0.0	93.0	7.0	100.0
13 Leather, rubber, and plastic products	33.1	22.4	44.5	100.0
14 Textile products	29.0	29.1	41.9	100.0
15 Hosiery, clothing and accessories	11.1	20.7	68.2	100.0
16 Lumber and wood products	78.9	16.4	4.8	100.0
17 Furniture and fixtures	58.8	25.4	15.8	100.0
18 Wood pulp, paper and paper products	62.1	24.0	13.9	100.0
19 Printing and publishing	57.1	24.0	18.9	100.0
20 Primary metal products	37.6	27.1	35.3	100.0
21 Other metal products	41.2	15.5	43.3	100.0
22 Machinery and equipment	30.0	5.2	64.8	100.0
23 Motor veh., oth. transport equip. and parts	10.5	27.9	61.6	100.0
24 Electrical, electronic and communic. prod.	32.8	6.7	60.5	100.0
25 Non-metallic mineral products	63.0	11.0	26.0	100.0
26 Petroleum and coal products	93.7	3.7	2.6	100.0
27 Chemicals, pharmaceuticals & chemical prod.	66.8	10.3	22.9	100.0
28 Other manufactured products	20.2	10.5	69.3	100.0
29 Residential construction	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
30 Non-residential construction	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
31 Repair construction	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
32 Transportation and storage	81.7	12.8	5.5	100.0
33 Communications services	74.7	19.5	5.7	100.0
34 Other utilities	95.3	4.1	0.7	100.0
35 Wholesaling margins	78.2	21.5	0.3	100.0
36 Retailing margins	94.6	5.4	0.0	100.0
38 Other finance, insurance, and real estate services	79.4	16.1	4.4	100.0
39 Business and computer services	77.8	16.5	5.7	100.0
40 Private education services	91.4	4.2	4.5	100.0
41 Health and social services	98.5	0.7	0.7	100.0
42 Accommodation services and meals	83.3	7.1	9.6	100.0
43 Other services	86.5	9.3	4.2	100.0
44 Transportation margins	83.2	16.8	0.0	100.0

Alberta Economic Multipliers 2000

APPENDIX 1: INDUSTRY AGGREGATION PARAMETERS

Industry	Worksheet Level Number	Link Level Number
11A Crop & Animal Production	111400-112A00	111, 112
113 Forestry & Logging	113000	113
114 Fishing, Hunting & Trapping	114000	114
115 Support Activities for Agriculture & Forestry	115100-115300	115
211 Oil & Gas Extraction	211100	2111
212 Mining (Except Oil & Gas Extraction)	212100-21239A	2121, 2122, 2123
213 Support Activities for Mining & Oil & Gas Extraction	213100	2131
22A Electric Power Generation, Transmission & Dist'n	221100	2211
22B Natural Gas Dist'n, Water, Sewage & Other Systems	221200-221300	2212, 2213
230 Construction	2300A0-2300I0	23
311 Food Manufacturing	311100-3119A0	311
312 Beverage & Tobacco Products Manufacturing	312110-312200	312
31A Textile, 315 Clothing & 316 Leather Industries	313100-316900	313, 314, 315, 316
321 Wood Product Manufacturing	321100-321990	321
322 Paper Manufacturing	322110-322290	322
323 Printing & Related Support Activities	323110-323120	323
324 Petroleum & Coal Products Manufacturing	324110-324190	324
325 Chemical Manufacturing	325110-325900	325
326 Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	326110-326290	326
327 Non-Metallic Mineral Products Manufacturing	327310-327900	327
331 Primary Metal Manufacturing	331100-331520	331
332 Fabricated Metal Products Manufacturing	332100-332900	332
333 Machinery Manufacturing & 336 Transportation Equip.	333110-333990, 336110-336900	333, 336
334 Computer & Electronic Products Manufacturing	334100-334600	334
335 Electrical Equip., Appliance & Component Manufacturing	335200-3359A0	335
337 Furniture & Related Products Manufacturing	337110-337900	337
339 Miscellaneous Manufacturing	339100-339990	339
410 Wholesale Trade	410000	41
4A0 Retail Trade	4A0000	44-45
484 Truck Transportation	484000	484
485 Transit & Ground Passenger Transportation	485100-485A00	485
486 Pipeline Transportation	486200-486A00	486
48A Air, Rail, Water & Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation	481000-483000, 487000-488000	481-483, 487, 488
49A Postal Service and Couriers & Messengers	491000-492000	491, 492
493 Warehousing & Storage	493130-4931A0	493
512 Motion Picture & Sound Recording Industries	512130-5122200	512
513 Broadcasting & Telecommunications	513100-513300	513
51A Publishing Industries, Information Services & Data Processing	511100-511200, 514100-514200	511, 514
5A0 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Renting & Leasing	5A0110-5A0650	521-523, 526, 531-533, 551
541 Professional, Scientific & Technical Services	541300-541B00	541
561 Administrative & Support Services	561500-561A00	561
562 Waste Management & Remediation Services	562000	562
610 Educational Services	611100-611B00	611
620 Health Care & Social Assistance	621110-624000	621, 623, 624
710 Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	711000-713A00	71
720 Accommodation & Food Services	721100-722000	72
811 Repair & Maintenance	811110-811A00	811
813 Grant Making, Civic & Professional & Similar Orgs.	813A00	8132-8134, 8139
81A Personal & Laundry Services & Private Households	812200-814000	812, 814
NP1 Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households (Excl. Education)	NP1100-NP1900	Fictive
NP2 Non-Profit Education Institutions	NP2000	Fictive
GS1 Hospitals & Residential Care Facilities	GS1100-GS1200	622
GS2 Education	GS2100-GS2230	6113
GS4 Other Municipal Government Services	GS4000	Fictive
GS5 Other Provincial Government Services	GS5000	Fictive
GS6 Other Federal Government Services	GS3000, GS6000	Fictive

APPENDIX 2: INDUSTRY CODES AT THE WORKSHEET LEVEL (W) IN TERMS OF 1997 NAICS

Number	Industry Title - W	1997 NAICS
111400	Greenhouse, Nursery and Floriculture Production	1114
111A00	Crop Production (except Greenhouse, Nursery and Floriculture Production)	1111-1113, 1119
112500	Animal Aquaculture	1125
112A00	Animal Production (except Animal Aquaculture)	1121-1124, 1129
113000	Forestry and Logging	113
114000	Fishing, Hunting and Trapping	114
115100	Support Activities for Crop Production	1151
115200	Support Activities for Animal Production	1152
115300	Support Activities for Forestry	1153
211100	Oil and Gas extraction	2111
212100	Coal Mining	2121
212210	Iron Ore Mining	21221
212220	Gold and Silver Ore Mining	21222
212230	Copper, Nickel, Lead and Zinc Ore Mining	21223
212290	Other Metal Ore Mining	21229
212310	Stone Mining and Quarrying	21231
212320	Sand, Gravel, Clay, & Ceramic & Refractory Minerals Mining & Quarrying	21232
212393	Salt Mining	212392
212394	Asbestos Mining	212393
212396	Potash Mining	212394
21239A	Miscellaneous Non-Metallic Mineral Mining and Quarrying	212396
213100	Support Activities for Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction	2131
221100	Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution	2211
221200	Natural Gas Distribution	2212
221300	Water, Sewage and Other Systems	2213
2300A0	Residential Building Construction	231210
2300B0	Non-residential Building Construction	231220
2300C0	Transportation Engineering Construction	231310
2300D0	Oil and Gas Engineering Construction	231330
2300E0	Electric Power Engineering Construction	23
2300F0	Comm...nication Engineering Construction	23
2300G0	Other Engineering Construction	23
2300H0	Repair Construction	23
2300I0	Other Activities of the Construction Industry	23
311100	Animal Food Manufacturing	3111
311210	Flour Milling and Malt Manufacturing	31121
311220	Starch and Vegetable Fat and Oil Manufacturing	31122
311230	Breakfast Cereal Manufacturing	31123
311310	Sugar Manufacturing	31131
3113A0	Confectionery Product Manufacturing	31131
311410	Frozen Food Manufacturing	31141
311420	Fruit and Vegetable Canning, Pickling and Drying	31142
311500	Dairy Product Manufacturing	3115
311611	Animal (except Poultry) Slaughtering	311611
311614	Rendering and Meat Processing from Carcasses	311614
311615	Poultry Processing	311615
311700	Seafood Product Preparation and Packaging	3117
311810	Bread and Bakery Product Manufacturing	31181
311821	Cookie and Cracker Manufacturing	311821
311822	Flour Mixes and Dough Manufacturing from Purchased Flour	311822
31182A	Dry Pasta and Tortilla Manufacturing	311823, 31183
311910	Snack Food Manufacturing	31191
311920	Coffee and Tea Manufacturing	31192
3119A0	Other Miscellaneous Food Manufacturing	31193, 31194, 31199
312110	Soft Drink and Ice Manufacturing	31211
312120	Breweries	31212
312130	Wineries	31213
312140	Distilleries	31214
312200	Tobacco Manufacturing	3122

Number	Industry Title - W	1997 NAICS
313100	Fibre, Yarn and Thread Mills	3131
313200	Fabric Mills	3132
313300	Textile and Fabric Finishing and Fabric Coating	3133
314110	Carpet and Rug Mills	31411
314120	Curtain and Linen Mills	31412
314910	Textile Bag and Canvas Mills	31491
314990	All Other Textile Product Mills	31499
315110	Hosiery and Sock Mills	31511
315190	Other Clothing Knitting Mills	31519
315210	Cut and Sew Clothing Contracting	31521
315220	Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Clothing Manufacturing	31522
315230	Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Clothing Manufacturing	31523
315290	Other Cut and Sew Clothing Manufacturing	31529
315900	Clothing Accessories and Other Clothing Manufacturing	3159
316100	Leather and Hide Tanning and Finishing	3161
316200	Footwear Manufacturing	3162
316900	Other Leather and Allied Product Manufacturing	3169
321100	Sawmills and Wood Preservation	3211
321215	Structural Wood Product Manufacturing	321215
32121A	Veneer and Plywood Mills	321211, 321212
32121B	Particle Board, Fibreboard, and Waferboard Mills	321216, 321217
321911	Wood Window and Door Manufacturing	321911
321919	Other Millwork	321919
321920	Wood Container and Pallet Manufacturing	32192
321990	All Other Wood Product Manufacturing	32199
322110	Pulp Mills	32211
322121	Paper (except Newsprint) Mills	322121
322122	Newsprint Mills	322122
322130	Paperboard Mills	32213
322210	Paperboard Container Manufacturing	32221
322220	Paper Bag and Coated and Treated Paper Manufacturing	32222
322230	Stationery Product Manufacturing	32223
322290	Other Converted Paper Product Manufacturing	32229
323110	Printing	32311
323120	Support Activities for Printing	32312
324110	Petroleum Refineries	32411
324120	Asphalt Paving, Roofing and Saturated Materials Manufacturing	32412
324190	Other Petroleum and Coal Products Manufacturing	32419
325110	Petrochemical Manufacturing	32511
325120	Industrial Gas Manufacturing	32512
325130	Synthetic Dye and Pigment Manufacturing	32513
3251A0	Other Basic Chemical Manufacturing	32518, 32519
325200	Resin, Synthetic Rubber, & Artificial & Synthetic Fibres & Filaments Man.	3252
325310	Fertilizer Manufacturing	32531
325320	Pesticide and Other Agricultural Chemical Manufacturing	32532
325400	Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing	3254
325510	Paint and Coating Manufacturing	32551
325520	Adhesive Manufacturing	32552
325610	Soap and Cleaning Compound Manufacturing	32561
325620	Toilet Preparation Manufacturing	32562
325900	Other Chemical Product Manufacturing	3259
326110	Unsupported Plastic Film, Sheet and Bag Manufacturing	32611
326120	Plastic Pipe, Pipe Fitting and Unsupported Profile Shape Manufacturing	32612
326130	Laminated Plastic Plate, Sheet and Shape Manufacturing	32613
326160	Plastic Bottle Manufacturing	32616
3261A0	Polystyrene, Urethane and Other Foam Product Manufacturing	32614, 32615
326193	Motor Vehicle Plastic Parts Manufacturing	326193
32619A	Miscellaneous Plastic Product Manufacturing	326191, 326198
326210	Tire Manufacturing	32621
326220	Rubber and Plastic Hose and Belting Manufacturing	32622
326290	Other Rubber Product Manufacturing	32629
327100	Clay Product and Refractory Manufacturing	3271
327200	Glass and Glass Product Manufacturing	3272

Number	Industry Title - W	1997 NAICS
327310	Cement Manufacturing	32731
327320	Ready-Mix Concrete Manufacturing	32732
3273A0	Concrete Product Manufacturing	32733, 32739
327400	Lime and Gypsum Product Manufacturing	3274
327900	Other Non-Metallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	3279
331100	Iron and Steel Mills and Ferro-Alloy Manufacturing	3311
331210	Iron and Steel Pipes and Tubes Manufacturing from Purchased Steel	33121
331220	Rolling and Drawing of Purchased Steel	33122
331313	Primary Production of Alumina and Aluminum	331313
331317	Aluminum Rolling, Drawing, Extruding and Alloying	331317
331410	Non-Ferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Smelting and Refining	33141
3314A0	Non-Ferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Rolling, Drawing, Extruding and All	33142, 33149
331510	Ferrous Metal Foundries	33151
331520	Non-Ferrous Metal Foundries	33152
332100	Forging and Stamping	3321
332200	Cutlery and Hand Tool Manufacturing	3322
332311	Prefabricated Metal Building and Component Manufacturing	332311
33231A	All Other Plate Work and Fabricated Structural Product Manufacturing	332314, 332319
332320	Ornamental and Architectural Metal Products Manufacturing	33232
332410	Power Boiler and Heat Exchanger Manufacturing	33241
332420	Metal Tank (Heavy Gauge) Manufacturing	33242
332430	Metal Can, Box and Other Metal Container (Light Gauge) Manufacturing	33243
332500	Hardware Manufacturing	3325
332600	Spring and Wire Product Manufacturing	3326
332710	Machine Shops	33271
332720	Turned Product and Screw, Nut and Bolt Manufacturing	33272
332800	Coating, Engraving, Heat Treating and Allied Activities	3328
332900	Other Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	3329
333110	Agricultural Implement Manufacturing	33311
333120	Construction Machinery Manufacturing	33312
333130	Mining and Oil and Gas Field Machinery Manufacturing	33313
333200	Industrial Machinery Manufacturing	3332
333300	Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing	3333
333400	Ventilation, Heating, Air-Conditioning and Commercial Refrigeration Equip.	3334
333500	Metalworking Machinery Manufacturing	3335
333600	Engine, Turbine and Power Transmission Equipment Manufacturing	3336
333910	Pump and Compressor Manufacturing	33391
333920	Material Handling Equipment Manufacturing	33392
333990	All Other General-Purpose Machinery Manufacturing	33399
334100	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing	3341
334210	Telephone Apparatus Manufacturing	33421
334220	Radio & Television Broadcasting & Wireless Communications Equipment	33422
334290	Other Communications Equipment Manufacturing	33429
334300	Audio and Video Equipment Manufacturing	3343
334400	Semiconductor and Other Electronic Component Manufacturing	3344
334500	Navigational, Measuring, Medical and Control Instruments Manufacturing	3345
334600	Manufacturing and Reproducing Magnetic and Optical Media	3346
335100	Electric Lighting Equipment Manufacturing	3351
335200	Household Appliance Manufacturing	3352
335311	Power, Distribution and Specialty Transformers Manufacturing	335311
335312	Motor and Generator Manufacturing	335312
335315	Switchgear and Switchboard, and Relay and Industrial Control Apparatus	335315
335910	Battery Manufacturing	33591
335920	Communication and Energy Wire and Cable Manufacturing	33592
3359A0	Wiring Devices and All Other Electrical Equipment and Component Manufac	33593, 33599
336110	Automobile and Light-Duty Motor Vehicle Manufacturing	33611
336120	Heavy-Duty Truck Manufacturing	33612
336200	Motor Vehicle Body and Trailer Manufacturing	3362
336310	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Engine and Engine Parts Manufacturing	33631
336320	Motor Vehicle Electrical and Electronic Equipment Manufacturing	33632
336330	Motor Vehicle Steering and Suspension Components (except Spring) Manufacturing	33633
336340	Motor Vehicle Brake System Manufacturing	33634
336350	Motor Vehicle Transmission and Power Train Parts Manufacturing	33635
336360	Motor Vehicle Seating and Interior Trim Manufacturing	33636

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336370	Motor Vehicle Metal Stamping	33637
336390	Other Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	33639
336400	Aerospace Product and Parts Manufacturing	3364
336500	Railroad Rolling Stock Manufacturing	3365
336611	Ship Building and Repairing	336611
336612	Boat Building	336612
336900	Other Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	3369
337110	Wood Kitchen Cabinet and Counter Top Manufacturing	33711
337127	Institutional Furniture Manufacturing	337127
33712A	Household Furniture Manufacturing	337121, 337123, 337126
337200	Office Furniture (including Fixtures) Manufacturing	3372
337900	Other Furniture-Related Product Manufacturing	3379
339100	Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing	3391
339910	Jewellery and Silverware Manufacturing	33991
339920	Sporting and Athletic Goods Manufacturing	33992
339930	Doll, Toy and Game Manufacturing	33993
339940	Office Supplies (except Paper) Manufacturing	33994
339950	Sign Manufacturing	33995
339990	All Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing	33999
410000	Wholesale Trade	41
4A0000	Retail Trade	44-45
481000	Air Transportation	481
482000	Rail Transportation	482
483000	Water Transportation	483
484000	Truck Transportation	484
485100	Urban Transit Systems	4851
485200	Interurban and Rural Bus Transportation	4852
485300	Taxi and Limousine Service	4853
485A00	All Other Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation	4854, 4855, 4859
486200	Pipeline Transportation of Natural Gas	4862
486A00	Crude Oil and Other Pipeline Transportation	4861, 4869
487000	Scenic and Sightseeing Transportation	487
488000	Support Activities for Transportation	488
491000	Postal Service	491
492000	Couriers and Messengers	492
493130	Farm Product Warehousing and Storage	49313
4931A0	All Other Warehousing and Storage	49311, 49312, 49319
511100	Newspaper, Periodical, Book and Database Publishers	5111
511200	Software Publishers	5112
512130	Motion Picture and Video Exhibition	51213
5121A0	Motion Picture & Video Production, Distribution, Post-Production & Other Motion Picture & Video Ind.	51211, 51212, 51219
512200	Sound Recording Industries	5122
513100	Radio and Television Broadcasting	5131
513200	Pay TV, Specialty TV and Program Distribution	5132
513300	Telecommunications	5133
514100	Information Services	5141
514200	Data Processing Services	5142
5A0110	Monetary Authorities - Central Bank	521
5A0120	Local Credit Unions	52213
5A0130	Banking and Other Depository Credit Intermediation	52211, 52219
5A0200	Insurance Carriers	5241
5A0300	Lessors of Real Estate	5311
5A0400	Owner-Occupied Dwellings	5311
5A0510	Automotive Equipment Rental and Leasing	5321
5A0520	Rental and leasing (except Automotive Equipment) and Lessors of Non-Financial Intangible Assets (except Copyrighted Works)	5322-5324, 533
5A0610	Non-Depository Credit Intermediation and Activities Related to Credit Intermediation	5222, 5223
5A0620	Agencies, Brokerages and Other Insurance Related Activities	5242
5A0630	Securities, Commodity Contracts, Funds, and Other Financial Investment	523, 526
5A0640	Offices of Real Estate Agents and Brokers and Activities Related to Real Estate	5312, 5313
5A0650	Management of Companies and Enterprises	551
541300	Architectural, Engineering and Related Services	5413

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541500	Computer Systems Design and Related Services	5415
541800	Advertising and Related Services	5418
541A00	Legal, Accounting, Tax Preparation, Bookkeeping and Payroll Services	5411, 5412
541B00	Other Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	5414, 5416, 5417, 5419
561500	Travel Arrangement and Reservation Services	5615
561600	Investigation and Security Services	5616
561700	Services to Buildings and Dwellings	5617
561A00	Other Administrative and Support Services	5611-5614, 5619
562000	Waste Management and Remediation Services	562
611A00	Education and Educational Support Services (excluding non-profit and gov.)	61
621100	Offices of Physicians	6211
621200	Offices of Dentists	6212
621A00	Miscellaneous Ambulatory Health Care Services	6213-6216, 6219
623000	Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	623
624000	Social Assistance	624
711000	Performing Arts, Spectator Sports and Related Industries	711
712000	Heritage Institutions (excluding Government Funded)	712
713200	Gambling Industries	7132
713A00	Amusement and Recreation Industries	7131, 7139
721100	Traveller Accommodation	7211
721A00	RV (Recreational Vehicle) Parks, Recreational Camps, and Rooming & Boarding	7212, 7213
722000	Food Services and Drinking Places	722
811100	Automotive Repair and Maintenance	8111
811A00	Repair and Maintenance (except Automotive Repair and Maintenance)	8112-8114
812200	Funeral Services	8122
812300	Dry Cleaning and Laundry Services	8123
812A00	Personal Care Services and Other Personal Services	8121, 8129
813A00	Grant-Making, Civic, and Professional and Similar Organizations	8132-8134, 8139
814000	Private Households	814
F10100	Operating Supplies	Fictive
F10200	Office Supplies	Fictive
F10300	Cafeteria Supplies	Fictive
F10400	Laboratory Supplies	Fictive
F20100	Travel & Entertainment	Fictive
F20200	Advertising and Promotion	Fictive
F30000	Transportation Margins	Fictive
NP1100	Religious Organizations	8131
NP1200	Non-Profit Welfare Organizations	Fictive
NP1300	Non-Profit Sports and Recreation Clubs	Fictive
NP2000	Non-Profit Education Services	Fictive
NP1900	Other Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households	Fictive
GS1100	Hospitals	622
GS1200	Government Residential Care Facilities	Fictive
GS2100	Universities	6113
GS2210	Government Elementary and Secondary Schools	6111
GS2220	Government Community Colleges and C.E.G.E.P.s	6112
GS2230	Other Govt Education Services	Fictive
GS3000	Defence Services	9111
GS4000	Other Municipal Government Services	Fictive
GS5000	Other Provincial and Territorial Government Services	Fictive
GS6000	Other Federal Government Services	Fictive
GS7000	Other Aboriginal Government Services	Fictive